Electromagnetic Radiation (EMR)



Spectroscopy Aanalysis II | B-7 | L1

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Electromagnetic Radiation

Electromagnetic radiation (EMR) is a form of 'energy," consists of waves of the electro-magnetic (EM) field, propagating through space, carrying electromagnetic radiant energy.



It includes radio waves, microwaves, infrared, visible light, ultraviolet, X-rays, and gamma rays. All of these waves form part of the electromagnetic spectrum.



Electromagnetic Radiation

Characteristic Features of EMR-

- 1. Produced by oscillation of electric charges and Magnetic field residing on the atom. $\vec{E} \& \vec{B}$ are mutually perpendicular to each other and are co-planar.
- 2. They characterized by their wavelength or wave

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Electromagnetic Radiation

Characteristic Features of EMR-

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Magnetic Field (B)

- 4. All type of EMR travel with same velocity (speed of light),
- no medium is required, it can travel through vacume



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Electromagnetic Radiation

Characteristic Features of EMR-

5. When visible light pass through a prism, it is split into 7 colours (VIBGYOR) and having definite wavelength this is called **Dispersion** Phenomenon. So group of EMR can be split.















